UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant 🗵 Check the appropriate box:

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant \Box

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- □ Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- □ Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

HELIX ACQUISITION CORP.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- \boxtimes No fee required.
- □ Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
 - (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
 - (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
 - (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
 - (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
 - (5) Total fee paid:
- □ Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
- □ Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing:
 - (1) Amount Previously Paid:
 - (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
 - (3) Filing Party:
 - (4) Date Filed:

In connection with the previously announced business combination between Helix Acquisition Corp. ("Helix") and MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG ("MoonLake"), an investor presentation, dated January 2022, will be delivered to the investors by MoonLake and used by Helix regarding the business combination.

A copy of the investor presentation is being filed herewith as additional soliciting material.



MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

Investor Presentation January 2022

© 2022

Disclaimer (1/2)



Important Information for Investors

This confidential presentation ('Presentation') is for informational purposes only and is being provided to interested parties solely in their capacity as potential investors for the purpose of evaluating a potential private offering of securities and potential business combination between Heix Acquisition Corp. ('Helix') and MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG ('MoonLake') (the "Proposed Transaction') and a proposed investment in connection therewith (the 'Purpose'). By accepting this Presentation, you acknowledge and agree that all of the information contained herein is confidential, that you will alistibute, disclose, and use such information only for such Purpose and that you shall not distribute, disclose, and use such information only for such Purpose and that you shall not distribute, disclose, and use such information only for such Purpose and that you shall not distribute, disclose, and use such information only for such Purpose and that you shall not distribute, disclose, and use such information only for such Purpose and that you shall not distribute, disclose, and use such information on the file. (Nonclake, Beinformation, Tor any of their respective control persons, officers, directors, employees or representatives makes any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information contained in this Presentation. You should consult your own coursel and tax and financial advisors as to legal and related matters concerning the matters described herein, and, by accepting this Presentation, you confirm that you are not relying upon the information contained herein to make any decision.

Private Placement

This Presentation and any oral statements made in connection with this Presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation to buy any securities, nor the solicitation or a proxy, consent, or authorization in connection with the Proposed Transaction in any jurisdiction; nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which the offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to the registration or qualification under the securities laws of any jurisdiction. Any Securities to BE OFFERED IN ANY TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEE AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED [THE" SACURITIES TO BE OFFERED IN ANY SECURITIES TO BE OFFERED IN ANY TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC"), ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR OTHER UNITED STATES OR FOREIGN REGULATORY AUTHORITY, AND WILL BE OFFERED AND SOLD SOLE SULLY IN RELIANCE ON A MEMORY THE SECURITIES EXCT AND RULES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION DO REGULATION DO REGULATION DO REGULATION DO REGULATION SUDRE SECURITIES ACT. THE SECURITIES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION DO REGULATION DO REGULATION DO REGULATION SUDRES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION DO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE SUCH OR DO REGULATION DO REGULATION DO REGULATION SUDRES ACT AND RULES AND REGULATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY IN ANY STATE OR OTHER SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Presentation may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding Certain statements in this Presentation may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to stategies regarding the furne including, without limitation, statements regarding; plans for preclinical studies, clinical trials and research and development programs; the anticipated timing of the results from those studies and trials; expectations regarding the time period over which Moon Lake's capital resources will be sufficient to fund its anticipated operations; and the expected effects of the Proposed Transaction on Helix, outding, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts, or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that statement is not forward looking. Forward-looking statements are used to diff on differ materially from current expectations and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by Helix and its management, and Moon Lake and its management, and Moon Lake and its management, and the case may be, are inherently uncertain. New risks and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties. Factors and "cautionary Nde Regarding Forward-Looking Statements' in Helix's final prospectus relating to its initial public offering, dated October 19. 2020 and its other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Including these risks and uncertainties included in a yan amendments to be filed with the excise and a supervise of the contenpation "state" statements and user throwing statements include by the results of the results of the results of the results of the secure and the results of the materially from current expectations and other risks, uncertaintes and factors set forth in the section entitled "Risk Factors" and which relate to the Proposed Transaction,

Industry and Market Data

Certain information contained in this Presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and MoonLake's own internal estimates and research. In this Presentation, Heix and MoonLake rely on, and refer to, publicly available information and statistics regarding market participants in the sector in which MoonLake competes and other industry data. Any comparison of MoonLake to any other entity assumes the reliability of the information available to MoonLake. MoonLake obligs, In addition, all of the market data included in this Presentation involve an unber of assumptions and limitations, and there can be no guarantee as to the accuracy or reliability of such assumptions. Finally, while MoonLake believes its internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source and neither Helix not MoonLake has independently verified the information

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

Disclaimer (2/2)



3

Trade

This Presentation may contain trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights of other companies, which are the property of their respective owners. Solely for convenience, some of the trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights referred to in this Presentation may be listed without the TM, SM © or © symbols, but Heix and MoonLake will assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, the rights of the applicable owners, if any, to these trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights.

Additional Information

In connection with the Proposed Transaction, Helix has filed the Proxy Statement and intends to file any amendments and other documents with the SEC. A definitive proxy statement, when available will be sent to the stockholders of Helix, seeking any required stockholder approvals. Investors and security holders of Helix and MoonLake are urged to carefully read the entire proxy statement, when it becomes available, and any other relevant documents filed by the SEC as yell as any amendments or supplements to these documents, because they will contain important information about the Proposed Transaction. The documents filed by Helix with the SEC as yell base of charge at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, these documents, when available, can be obtained free of charge upon written request to Cormorant Asset Management, LP, 200 Clarendon Street, 52nd Floor, Boston, MA 02116 or by telephone at (857) 702-0370.

Participants in the Solicitation

Helix, MoonLake and certain of their respective directors and executive officers may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies in favor of the approval of the Proposed Transaction and related matters. Information regarding Helix and MoonLake's directors and executive officers is contained in the Proxy Statement, including additional information regarding the interests of those participants and other persons who may be deemed participants in the Proposed Transaction. Free copies of these documents may be obtained as described in the preceding paragraph

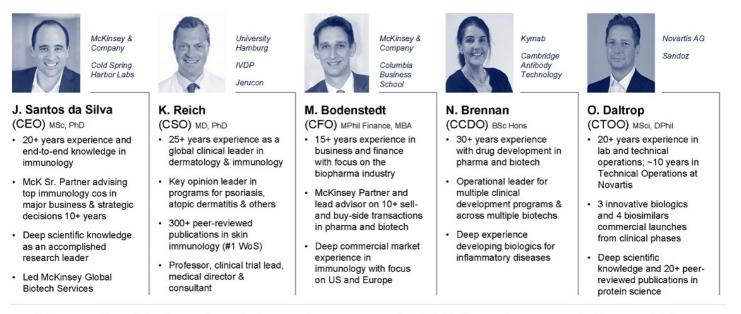
Risk Factors

All references to "we," "us" or "our" refer to the business of MoonLake prior to the consummation of the Proposed Transaction. The risks described below make up a non-exhaustive list of the key risks related to MoonLake's business and the factors that could cause actual results to differ from the projections, intentions and assumptions described in this Presentation. This list has been prepared solely for potential private placement investors in the Proposed Transaction and not for any other purpose. You should carefully consider these risks and uncertainties, as well as factors set forth in the section entitled "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in Helix's Form S-1 relating to its initial public offering, dated October 19, 2020 and the Proxy Statement, carry out your own due diligence and consult with your own financial and legal advisors concerning the risks and sulfability of an investment transaction before making an investment decision. The list below is qualified in its entirety by disclosures contained in future documents filed or furnished in respect of the Proposed Transaction with the SEC. The risks presented in such filings will include risks associated with the post-business combination operation of MoonLake's business and MoonLake's control: • MoonLake has a limited operating history, has not initiated, conducted or completed any clinical trials, and has no products approved for commercial sale, which may make it difficult for you to evaluate its current business and likelihood of success and vability.

- success and viability. success and vitability. MoonLake has incurred significant losses since inception, and it expects to incur significant losses for the foreseeable future and may not be able to achieve or sustain profitability in the future. MoonLake has not generated any revenue from
- SLK and may never generate revenue or become profilable. MoonLake requires substantial additional capital to finance its operations in the future. If MoonLake is unable to raise such capital when needed, or on acceptable terms, it may be forced to delay, reduce and/or eliminate one or more of its
- development programs or future commercialization efforts. If MoonLake breaches the agreement under which it licenses rights to SLK from Merck Healthcare KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany an affiliate of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, MoonLake could lose the ability to develop and commercialize SLK
- MoonLake is substantially dependent on the success of SLK, and its anticipated clinical trials of SLK may not be successful
- MoonLake may find it difficult to enroll patients in its clinical trials. The results of preclinical testing and early clinical trials may not be predictive of the success of MoonLake's later clinical trials, and the results of its clinical trials may not satisfy the requirements of the FDA or other comparable foreign regulatory authorities
- MoonLake faces substantial competition, which may result in others discovering, developing, licensing or commercializing products before or more successfully than MoonLake does
- The regulatory approval processes of the FDA and other comparable foreign regulatory authorities are lengthy, time-consuming and inherently unpredictable MoonLake's ability to protect its patents and other proprietary rights is uncertain, exposing it to the possible loss of competitive advantage.

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

MoonLake Executive Team



~100 years of combined experience in Immunology - across R&D, Clinical, Regulatory, Launch, Commercial & BD

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

MoonLake

We are developing Sonelokimab (SLK), a nanobody with potential to change Immunology practice

- A tri-specific IL-17A & F nanobody that has shown high therapeutic activity in Psoriasis, as measured by psoriasis area severity index 100 (PASI100) scores in patients with plaque-type psoriasis.
- A differentiated mechanism of action, particularly well suited for use across IL17-driven inflammatory diseases
- Building on a robust clinical data set, developed by Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany and Ablynx, a Sanofi company

Our development program aims to expand SLK's potential across multiple indications

- Leverage comprehensive Phase II Psoriasis data (n=313) to build SLK in IL-17A & F Inflammatory Diseases, a \$44B market
- Unlock value in Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA), Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS), with a Phase II program
- Set new treatment standards (ACR50, ASAS40, HiScore 75/90)
- Realize broad potential by initiating Phase III across indications, generating upside options for SLK
- Drive a high probability of success (PoS) program to a novel mechanism of action, as reflected by our existing Phase II data as well as competitive data – strong efficacy/safety data, single competitor helps build our case
- Our goal is to deliver a product profile with optionality for potential in 4 indications and with major inflection points from 2023-24 onwards driven by a top-tier team with 100+ years of experience

SOURCE: MoonLake, DRG

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG



6

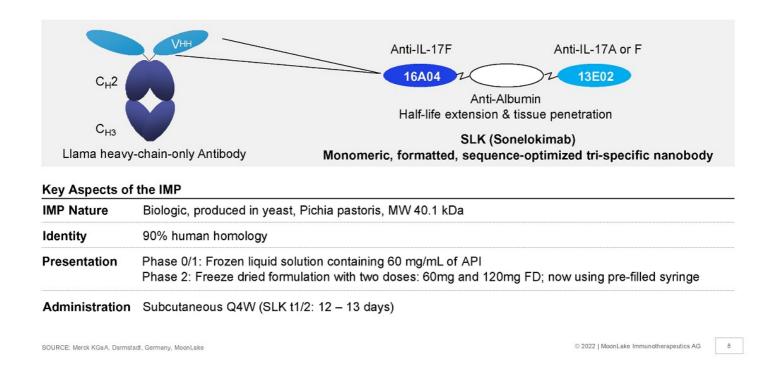


- Combination with Helix accelerates MoonLake's ambitions and Phase II development programs for SLK
- Helix investors access an asset with a novel MoA, differentiated clinical data and high PoS, positioned for impact in a \$40bn+ market with high unmet needs¹
- The investment of ~\$230M² enables MoonLake to deliver multiple Phase II trials to Phase III readiness, and provides runway to 2025
- The combination brings together a world-leading group of biotech investors with an experienced team, around a lead asset
- Fast path to public markets with price discovery and streamlined execution in volatile markets
- Valuation of \$360M pre-money and anticipated news flow provide strong public market upside potential

1 DRG ² Assumes no redemptions from Trust and \$115M PIPE. Excludes financing and transaction fees. SOURCE: Helix, MoonLake

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

A distinctive molecule

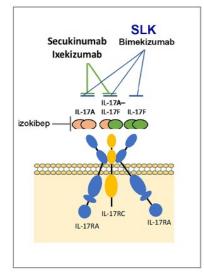


O MoonLake



9

The key MoA - IL-17 inhibition



SOURCE: MoonLake

The key molecules

Sonelokimab or "SLK"

 MoonLake's molecule: the novel tri-specific Nanobody, 10x smaller than a monoclonal antibody, one of only two drugs inhibiting all dimers of IL-17 (AA, AF and FF)

Bimekizumab or "BKZ" (UCB)

 Alongside SLK the only other molecule inhibiting dimers of IL-17 (AA, AF and FF), recently shown to have leading Phase III efficacy in Psoriasis, but with high Candidiasis

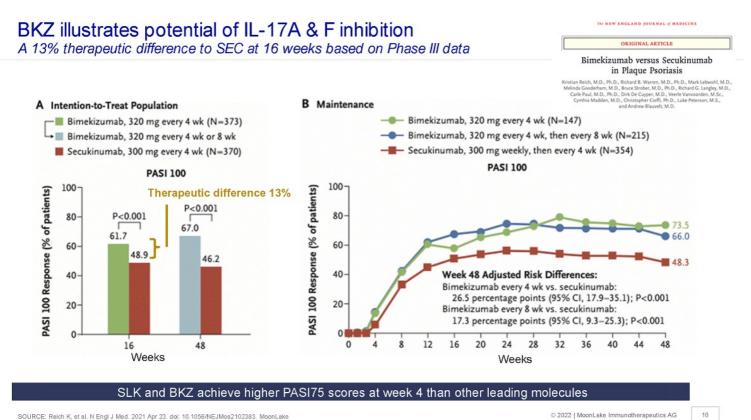
Secukinumab (CosentyxŁ , Novartis) or "SEC"

 IL-17 A-specific and does not inhibit IL-17 AF and FF dimers, reference IL17i drug in market & main comparator, sales in 2020 of \$5B+

Other molecules

TNFi like Humira, IL12/23i like Stelara play a role in Psoriasis and other related diseases, with lower efficacy in PsO, and IL23i like Skyrizi with efficacy mainly in Psoriasis

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG



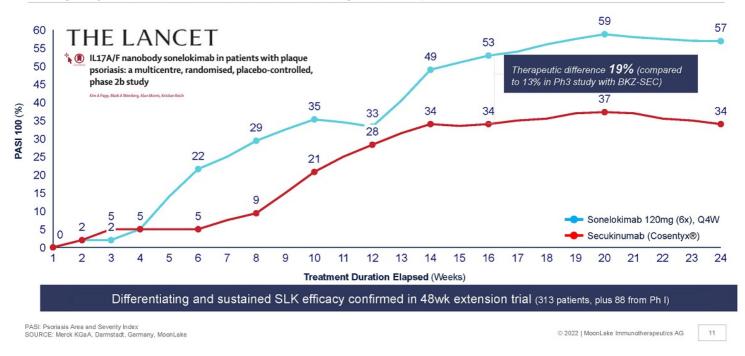
SOURCE: Reich K, et al. N Engl J Med. 2021 Apr 23. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa2102383, MoonLake

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

Potential for higher efficacy of SLK versus the IL-17 market leader

MoonLake

Efficacy comparison between SLK and market leader Cosentyx in Phase II (%)



SLK has a differentiated safety profile to date



THE LANCET

IL17A/F nanobody sonelokimab in patients with plaque psoriasis: a multicentre, randomised, placebo-controlled, phase 2b study

Kim A Papp, Mark A Weinberg, Alun Morris, Kristian Reich

- Encouraging overall safety profile for SLK in the context of all other clinical trials testing biologics for Psoriasis
- Treatment-emergent adverse events lower even than Secukinumab, same for other common treatment-emergent adverse events
- Infection rates similar or better in comparison with Secukinumab
- Candida rate similar to those previously observed with IL-17 inhibitors
- Candida rate 3-4x lower than Bimekizumab, the only competitor product for IL-17A & F¹

1 Papp KA, Weinberg M, Morris A, Reich K. The Lancet. 2021;397(10284): 1564-1575 SOURCE: MoonLake Team and selected bibliography (see Slide 33 for more detail on sources)

	Weeks 0-12							Weeks 12-52	
	Placebo group (n=52)	Sonelokimab 30 mg group (n=52)	Schelokimab 60 mg group (n=\$2)	Sonelokimab 120 mg sormal lead groep (n=53)	Sonelokimab 120 mg augmented Ikad group (n-51)	All participants or sondokimab (n=208)	Seculinumab 300 mg group (n=53)	Secultinumab 300 mg group (n=51)	All participants o sonelokimab (n=251)
Treatment-emerg	erit adverse ev	vent							
Any	22(42.3%)	22(42:3%)	29 (55-8%)	26 (49 1%)	30 (58-8%)	107(51.4%)	26 (49:1%)	35 (68-6%)	152 (60-6%)
Serious adverse events*	1(1.9%)	2(3.8%)	1(1.9%)	1(1.9%)	1(2:0%)	5(2-4%)	0	2(39%)	12(4-8%)
Adverse events leading to treatment discontinuation*	0	0	¢	1(1.9%)	2 (3-9%)	3(14%)	0	0	9 (3.5%)
Death	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	1(0-4%)
Common treatme	int-emergenta	dverse events†							
Nasopharyngitis	4(7.7%)	4(77%)	11(21-2%)	9(17-0%)	4(78%)	28(13.5%)	6 (11 3%)	7(13.7%)	26 (10-4%)
Provitas	2(38%)	3(5-8%)	4(7.7%)	3 (5-7%)	4(78%)	14(6-7%)	1(19%)		
Upperrespiratory tract infection	1(19%)	1(1.9%)	3(58%)	3 (5-7%)	2 (3:9%)	9(43%)	3 (5-7%)	3(59%)	12 (48%)
Headache	1(1.9%)	0	3(5-8%)	3 (5-7%)	1 (2-0%)	7(3-4%)	3 (5-7%)		
Oral candidiasis1	0	0	1(1.9%)	2 (3-8%)	3 (5-9%)	6(2.9%)	0	0	13 (5-2%)
Arthraigia	1(1.9%)	3(58%)	0	1(1.9%)	2 (3.9%)	6(2.9%)	0		
Hypertension	2(38%)	3(58%)	2(1/9%)	0	2 (3-9%)	6(2.9%)	1(19%)		
Tonsilitis								1(20%)	10(4-0%)
Dianhoea								2(39%)	9(3-6%)
Adverse events of	special interes	at .							
AnyS	11 (21-2%)	11(21-29)	22 (42-3%)	17 (32-1%)	18 (35-3%)	68(32-7%)	15 (28 3%)	23 (45-1%)	114 (45-4N)
Infections	10(19-2%)	8(15-4%)	19 (35-5%)	15 (28-3%)	15 (29-4%)	57(27-4%)	12 (22-6%)	21(41.2%)	95 (37-8%)
Candids infections¶	0	0	1(1-9%)	2 (3-8%)	3 (5/9%)	6(2.9%)	0	1(20%)	26 (6-4%)
Major adverse cardiac event**	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	2 (0-8%)
inflammatory	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	1(0.4%)

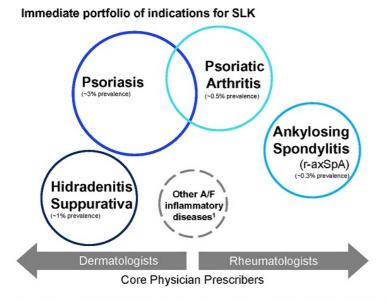
Consult Table 31

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

Expanding the potential

1. MoonLake Upside potential





Psoriasis is proven: First nanobody showing improvement of standard of care (Cosentyx™), published in The Lancet data package is built and supports advancement to Phase III in psoriasis.

Significant potential beyond Psoriasis:

1. Upside is exciting: By building on additional diseases, we provide optionality and open a market that is 2x larger than psoriasis alone

2. Significant unmet needs beyond Psoriasis: A/F inhibition showing differentiated efficacy in diseases that are undertreated and show far fewer treatments options -PsA, AS, HS

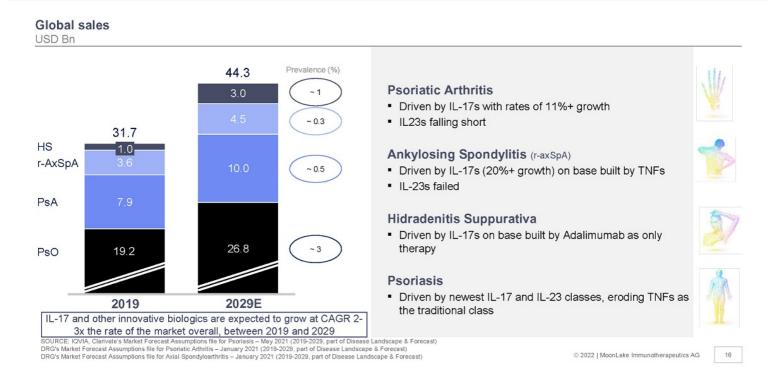
3. Foundation can be even stronger: We plan to generate more data where SLK can realistically beat BKZ (beyond better benefit-risk, also penetration in joints and deep skin), and get the time to create a robust SLK supply

1 Other indications that are being considered by MoonLake, but not prioritized for the Phase 2 model now, include: non-radiographic axial SpondyloArthritis (nr-axSpA), Palmoplantar pustulosis (PPP), generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP), severe pyoderma gangrenosum (sPG), ulcerative colltis (UC)

pyderma gangrenosum (sr-o), uiceranve como (oc) SOURCE: Nguyen et al. J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol. 2021;Ingram. Br J Dermatol. 2020; Scotti et al. Semin Arthritis Rheum. 2018; Ogdie et al. Rheumatology (Oxford). 2013; Tekin et al. J Rheumatol. 2019; Alinaghi et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2019; Reich et al. Br J Dermatol. 2009; Gelfand et al. Arch Dermatol. 2005; Augustin et al. Acta Derm Venereol. 2010; Stolwijk et al. Arthritis Care Res. 2016; Dean et al. Rheumatology. 2014

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

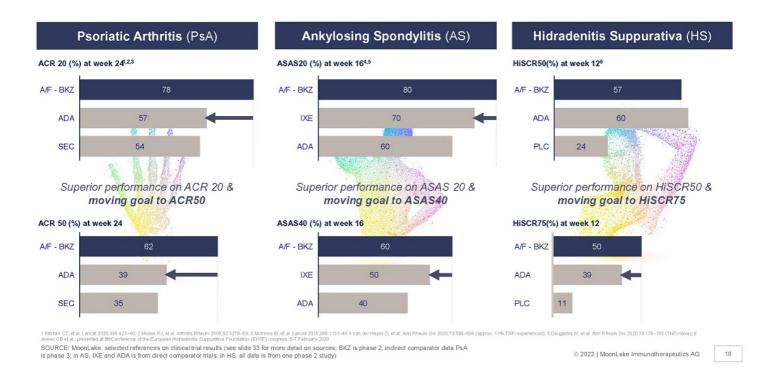
SLK has potential in significantly growing \$40bn+ market



O MoonLake

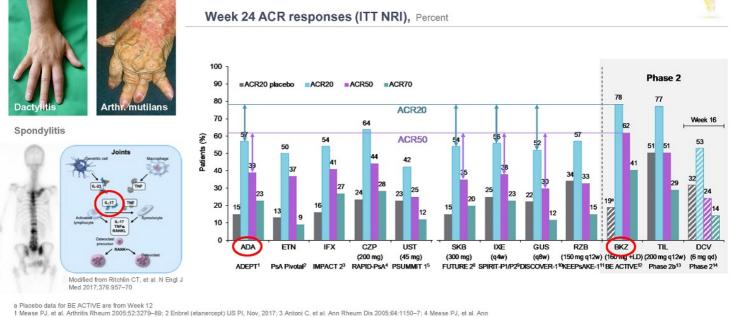
2. IL-17A & F Unmet needs beyond PsO

Inhibition of IL-17A & F across select indications underscores SLK potential O MoonLake



IL-17A & F inhibition is the first mechanism to elevate *Psoriatic Arthritis* (*PsA*) treatment goal to ACR 50 – potential to outperform Humira



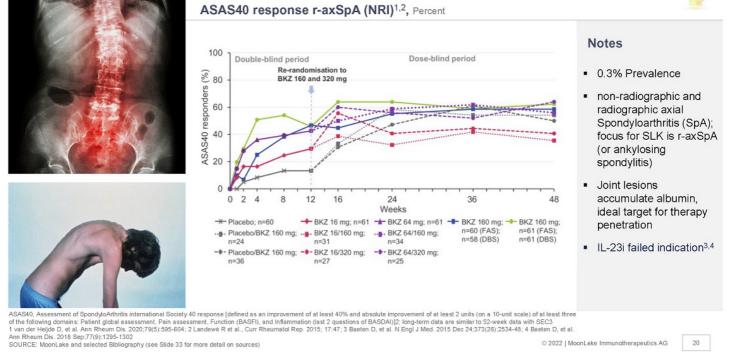


a Placebo data for BE ACTIVE are from Week 12 1 Mease PJ, et al. Arthritis Rheum 2005;52:3279–89; 2 Enbrel (etanercept) US PI, Nov, 2017; 3 Antoni C, et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2005;64:1150–7; 4 Mease PJ, et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2014;73:48–55; 5 McInnes IB, et al. Lancet 2013;38:7780–9; 8 McInnes IB, et al. Lancet 2015;386:1137–46; 9 Combe B, et al. EADV 2017, P0389; 10 Deodhar A, et al. Lancet 2020;395:1115–25; 11 AbbVie press release, January 5, 2021, available at: https://news.abbVie.com/news/press-releases; 12 Ritchlin CT, et al. Lancet 2020;395:427–40; 13 Mease PJ, et al. EULAR 2019, LB0002; 14 Mease PJ, et al. Arthritis Rheumatol 2020;72 (suppl 10) [Abstract L03] SOURCE: MoonLake and selected bibliography (see Slide 33 for more detail on sources)

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

IL-17A & F inhibition is the first mechanism to elevate treatment goal to ASAS40 in *Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS, r-axSpA)*



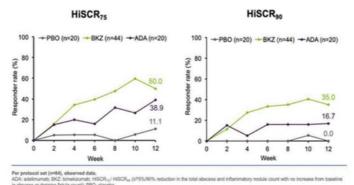


IL-17A & F inhibition is the first mechanism to elevate Hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) treatment goal to HiSCR 75





HiSCR response HS, week 12, Percent¹



Notes

- Known prevalence of~1% (likely even higher)
- Deep skin penetration required, with managed infections
- Transcriptome/IHC analysis for HS lesions, show IL-17A pathway engagement on several levels²

21

HISCR75, at least 75% reduction in Hidradenitis Suppurativa Clinical response (reduction in total abscess and nodule count and no increase from baseline in abscess or draining fistula count 1 Jernec GB et al., presented at 9th/Conference of the European Hidradenitis Suppurativa Foundation (EHSF) congress, 5-7 February 2020; 2 Loesche C, et al. SHSA 2020, P1.02. Sponsored by Novaritis; Images courtesy of J Sobell, Boston, and K Reich, Hamburg, and from Horvikh et al. Acta Derm Venereol 2017; 97:412-413 SOURCE: MoonLake and selected bibliography (see Slide 33 for more detail on sources) © 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

3. SLK nanobody Differentiation potential

Differentiation: What sets SLK apart from BKZ and other mAbs?

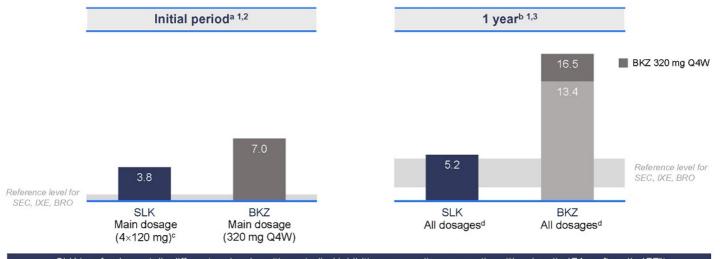




Safety: SLK clinical data supports a superior safety profile vs BKZ



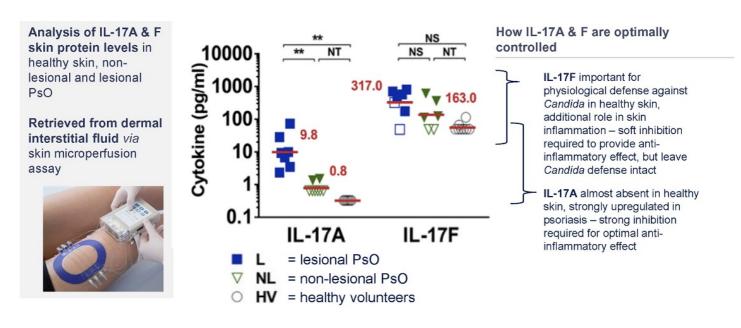
Incidence of oral Candida infections (%)



SLK is a fundamentally different molecule, with controlled inhibition across dimers over time ("hard on IL-17A, soft on IL-17F")

a For SLK Phase II and BKZ Phase II (BE ABLE 1), "initial period" is Weeks 0-12 b For SLK Phase II, "1 year" is Weeks 12–52 for Week 12 completers; for BKZ Phase II extension (BE ABLE 2), "1 year" is Weeks 12–60 for PASI 75 responders at Week 12 c Main psoriasis dosage is 120 mg with normal load (Weeks 0, 2, 4, 8) d "All dosages" for SLK includes 30 mg and 60 mg for 1-year data; most patients were on continuous or intermittent 120 mg; "All dosages" for BKZ includes 64 mg and 160 mg (13,4%); incidence for 320 mg Q4W dosage is 16,5% 1. Papp KA, et al. Lancet 2021;397:1564–75; 2. Papp KA, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol 2018;79:277–86; 3. Blauvelt A, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol 2020;83:1367–74 SOURCE: MoonLake and selected bibliography (see Slide 33 for more detail on sources) © 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG 24

Safety: Skin levels of IL-17A & F in PsO patients need to be differentially controlled for optimal benefit-risk profile



Baseline IL-17 A and IL-17 F levels in the dermis (dISF) of healthy volunteers (HV, circles) and lesional (L, squares) and nonlesional (NL, triangles) skin from patients with psoriasis. Red lines and values represent the adjusted GMs. Data less than the LLOQ were imputed as half LLOQ and are shown as open symbols. **P < .01. NS, Not significant (P > .05); NT, not testable because of the number of samples less than the LLOQ in both groups; Kobinger et al. J Allergy Clin Immund 2017; 139:923–92 SOURCE: MoonLake and selected bibliography (see slide 33 for more detail on sources)

25

Affinity: Superior SLK safety could be due to its modulated dimer inhibition

	The lower the value, the higher the inhibition							
IC50 (nM)	Methodology	Interaction/ read-out	IL-17AA	IL-17AF	IL-17FF	Secukinumab Sonelokimab		
SLK	Alphascreen	IL-17RA	0.039	0.066	0.183	IL-17A IL-17AF IL-17F		
		IL-17RC	0.029	0.026	0.013			
Secukinumab	Alphascreen	IL-17RA	5.23	4.978	88.8			
(Fab)		IL-17RC	0.853	10.4	0.456	IL-17RC IL-17RA		

Our main interpretation regarding expected optimized benefit-risk profile vs BKZ

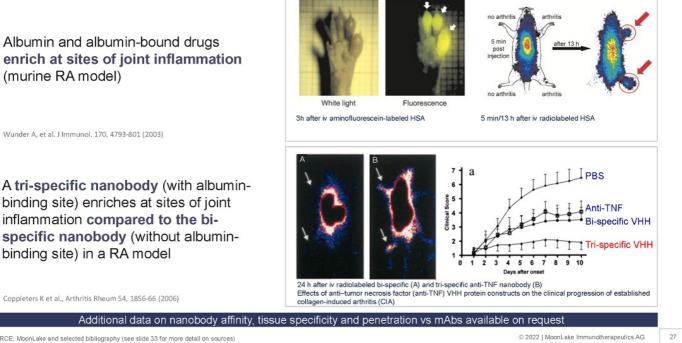
- Largely superior affinity of SLK over current IL-17 inhibitor market leader secukinumab
- Inhibitory profile of SLK: IL-17AA > IL-17AF > IL-17FF
- Compared to monthly SLK injections (11-12d half-life), monthly injections of BKZ (28d half-life) blocks 17F continuously over the dosing period

SOURCE: Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, MoonLake

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG



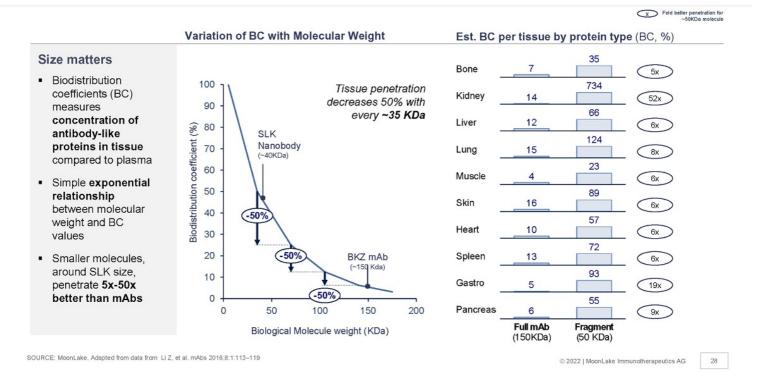
Penetration: Tri-specific SLK has potential for differential enrichment at joints



SOURCE: MoonLake and selected bibliography (see slide 33 for more detail on sources)

O MoonLake

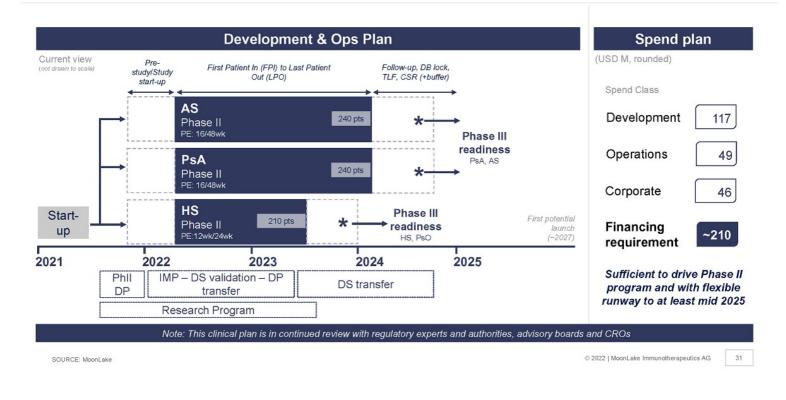
Penetration: Molecules the size of SLK are superior at penetrating tissues OMoonLake



MoonLake value creation

MoonLake Sonelokimab SLK is a distinctive molecule with enhanced enrichment in deep skin & joints and binding of targets with better-than-mAb affinity and specificity - a potentially winning SLK has a benefit-risk profile proven across IL-17A & F benefit-risk diseases (supported profile for by BKZ data) Psoriasis (incl. vs BKZ)

Initiating multiple phase II studies in A/F Inflammatory Diseases in 2022



Transaction overview and summary

PIPE	USD 115 M
Cash in Trust ¹	USD 115 M
Total cash (excl. transaction fees ²)	USD 230 M
Helix management ³	5.3%
Helix shareholders	18.5%
PIPE investors (incl. Cormorant PIPE investment)	18.5%
Current MoonLake shareholders	57.8%
	100% ⁴

Pre-money valuation of USD 360M Transaction expected to close in Q1-2022

1 Assumes no redemptions from HELIX shareholders; 2 Including PIPE financing, M&A transaction, deferred IPO fees and Swiss stamp duty (tax); 3 Includes sponsor promote and IPO private placement; 4 Ownership calculation includes sponsor promote, USD 115M Trust (assuming no redemptions). USD 115M PIPE and assumes the conversion of all MoonLake common shares for Class A shares of Helix.

High-potential Biotech

- Four multi-billion dollar indications
- World-class Phase II program, raising bar for all competitors, with pivotal potential
- SLK already being manufactured for Phase II robust set-up to produce commercially
- Leading team, investors and 20+ KOL Ad Board network
- PIPE anchored by \$25M investment by Cormorant Asset Management ("Cormorant") via Helix Holdings LLC as sponsor

Healthy news flow

- Deal, appointments, FPI in first months
- Research program (biology of SLK, IITs and open-labels in additional indications)
- Full read outs from H2 2023 onwards (HS as lead indication)

Run-way

To at least mid-2025

© 2022 | MoonLake Immunotherapeutics AG

Literature of relevance

Risankizumab

Risankizumab Blauvelt A, et al. JAMA Dermatol. 2020 Apr 8. [Epub ahead of print] (PsO randomized withdrawal); Reich K, et al. Lancet. 2019 Aug 17;394(10198):576-586 (PsO vs. ADA) Gordon KB, et al. Lancet. 2018 Aug 25;392(10148):650-661 (PsO vs. UST)

Ixekizumab

Gordon KB, et al. N Engl J Med. 2016 Jul 28;375(4):345-56 (PASI); Griffiths CE, et al. Lancet. 2015 Aug 8;386(9993):541-51 (PASI vs. ETN) Reich K, et al. Br J Dermatol. 2017 Oct;177(4):1014-1023 (PASI vs. UST); Blauvelt A, et al. Br J Dermatol. 2019 Dec 30. [Epub ahead of print] (onset vs. guselkumab)

Guselkumab

Reich K, et al. Lancet. 2019 Sep 7;394(10201):831-839. (onset and longer-term vs. secukinumab); Foley P, et al. JAMA Dermatol. 2018 Jun

1;154(6):676-683 (PsO domains) Blauvelt A, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2017 Mar;76(3):405-417 (PsO vs. ADA); Reich K, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2017 Mar;76(3):418-431 (PsO vs. ADA)

Secukinumab

Langley RG, et al. N Engl J Med. 2014 Jul 24;371(4):326-38 (PASI vs. ETN); Thaçi D, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2015 Sep;73(3):400-9 (PASI vs. UST)

Ustekinumab

Leonardi CL, et al. Lancet. 2008 May 17;371(9625):1665-74 (PsO); Papp KA, et al. Lancet. 2008 May 17;371(9625):1675-84 (PsO)

Adalimumab Menter A, et al. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2008 Jan;58(1):106-15 (PsO); Saurat JH, et al. Br J Dermatol. 2008 Mar;158(3):558-66 (PsO)

Safety

Gordon K, et al. AAD 2020 Late-breaking presentation Reich K, et al. AAD 2020 Late-breaking presentation Warren R, et al. EADV 2020, FC05.08 Langley RG, et al. N Engl J Med 2014;371:326–38 Gordon K, et al. N Engl J Med 2016;375:345–56 Papp K, et al. Br J Dermatol 2016;175:273–86 Lebwohl M, et al. N Engl J Med 2015;373:1318-28

Nanobodies

Biodrugs. 2020;34:11-26 Svecova D, Lubell MW, Casset-Semanaz F, Mackenzie H, Grenningloh R, Krueger JG. J Am Acad Dermatol.

2019;81(1):196–203 Pereira J, Ottevaere I, Serruys B, Dejonckheere E, Bay-JensenAC, Siebuhr AS, et al. Osteoarthr Cartil. 2018;26:S176

Siebuhr A, Bay-Jensen AC, Thudium CT, Karsdal MA, Serruys B, Werkmann D, et al. Osteoarthr Cartil. 2018;26:5187. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.joca.2018.02.402 Papp KA, Weinberg M, Morris A, Reich K. The Lancet. 2021;397(10284): 1564-1575

Li Z, Krippendorf BF, Sharma S, Walz AC, Lave T, Shah DK. mAbs. 2016;8(1): 113-119



Additional Information and Where to Find It

In connection with the proposed Business Combination, Helix has filed a proxy statement and intends to file any amendments and other documents with the SEC. A definitive proxy statement, when available, will be sent to the shareholders of Helix, seeking any required shareholder approvals. **Investors and security holders of Helix and MoonLake are urged to carefully read the entire proxy statement, when it becomes available, and any other relevant documents filed with the SEC, as well as any amendments or supplements to these documents, because they will contain important information about the proposed Business Combination.** The documents filed by Helix with the SEC may be obtained free of charge at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, these documents, when available, can be obtained free of charge upon written request to Cormorant Asset Management, LP, 200 Clarendon Street, 52nd Floor, Boston, MA 02116 or by telephone at (857) 702-0370.

Participants in Solicitation

Helix and MoonLake and their respective directors and executive officers may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies in favor of the proposed transaction and related matters. Information regarding Helix's and MoonLake's directors and executive officers is contained in Helix's proxy statement, which was filed with the SEC on October 29, 2021 and amended on December 16, 2021. Additional information regarding the interests of those participants and other persons who may be deemed participants in the proposed transaction may be obtained by reading the proxy statement and other relevant documents filed with the SEC. Free copies of these documents may be obtained as described in the preceding paragraph.

No Offer or Solicitation

This communication is not a proxy statement or solicitation of a proxy, consent or authorization with respect to any securities or in respect of the potential transaction and shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction. No offering of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of Section 10 of the Securities Act, or an exemption therefrom.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements

This communication contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding Helix's or MoonLake's expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future including, without limitation, statements regarding: the timing of the proposed Business Combination and the execution of certain actions related thereto. In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts, or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "possible," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "would" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that statement is not forward looking.

Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by Helix and its management, and MoonLake and its management, as the case may be, are inherently uncertain. New risks and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, but are not limited to: (i) the risk that the proposed Business Combination may not be completed in a timely manner or at all, which may adversely affect the price of Helix's securities, (ii) the failure to satisfy the conditions to the consummation of the transaction, including the approval of the Business Combination Agreement by the shareholders of Helix, the satisfaction of the minimum amount of the Available Closing Date Cash following any redemptions by Helix's public shareholders and the receipt of certain governmental and regulatory approvals, (iii) the lack of a third party valuation in determining whether or not to pursue the proposed transaction, (iv) the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstance that could give rise to the termination of the Business Combination disrupts current plans and operations of MoonLake, (vi) risks that the proposed transaction disrupts current plans and operations of MoonLake, (vii) the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted against MoonLake or Helix related to the agreement or the proposed transaction, (viii) the ability to maintain the listing of Helix's securities on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, (ix) changes in the competitive and regulated industries in which MoonLake operates, variations in operating performance across competitors, changes in laws and regulations affecting the business of MoonLake, and changes in the combined capital structure, and (x) costs related to the transaction and the failure to realize anticipated benefits of the transaction or to realize projected results and underlying

The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. You should carefully consider the foregoing factors and the other risks and uncertainties described in the "Risk Factors" section of the proxy materials discussed above, and other documents filed by Helix from time to time with the SEC. These filings identify and address other important risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events and results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements.